ACT No. 2003-314

1	SB126 AU NU. 2003-
2	59521-2
3	By Senators Figures, Barron, Enfinger, Mitchell, Dixon, Ross
4	Mitchem, Roberts, Penn, Means, Tanner, Butler, Steele,
5	Preuitt, McClain, Denton, Smitherman, Dial, Waggoner, Marsh,
6	Myers, Byrne, Lee, Escott, Biddle, Erwin, Holley, Bedford,
7	Little (Z), Little (T), Sanders, and Poole
8	RFD: Health
9	First Read: 04-MAR-03
	RECEIVED JUN 16 2003 GOVERNOR'S OFFICE

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3	ENROLLED, An Act,
4	To establish the Alabama Clean Indoor Air Act; to
5	prohibit smoking in certain public places; to request that
6	employers adopt a smoking policy and provide smoke-free areas
7	in places of employment; to prescribe penalties for
8	violations; and in connection therewith would have as its
9	purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased
10	expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621
11	of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901.
12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
13	Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited
14	as the "Alabama Clean Indoor Air Act."
15	Section 2. The Legislature finds as follows:
16	(1) Numerous studies have found that tobacco smoke
17	may be a major contributor to indoor air pollution and that
18	breathing secondhand smoke may be a cause of disease,
19	including lung cancer, in nonsmokers. At special risk are
20	children, elderly people, individuals with cardiovascular
21	disease, and individuals with impaired respiratory function,
22	including asthmatics and those with obstructive airway
23	disease.
24	(2) Health hazards induced by breathing secondhand

smoke may include lung cancer, heart disease, respiratory

1	infection, and decreased respiratory function, including
2	bronchospasm.
3	Section 3. As used in this act, the following words
4	and phrases shall have the following meanings:
5	(1) BAR AND LOUNGE. Any establishment which is
6	primarily devoted to the serving of alcoholic beverages for
7	consumption by patrons on the premises and in which the
8	serving of food is only incidental to the consumption of
9	beverages. Although a restaurant may contain a bar, the term
10	"bar" shall not include the restaurant dining area.
11	(2) CHILD CARE FACILITY. Any facility caring for
12	children.
13	(3) DEPARTMENT. The Alabama Department of Public
14	Health.
15	(4) EMPLOYER. Any person, partnership, association,
16	corporation, or nonprofit entity that employs five or more
17	persons, including the legislative, executive, and judicial
18	branches of state government; and any county, city, town, or
19	village or any other political subdivision of the state; any
20	public authority, commission, agency, or public benefit
21	corporation; or any other separate corporate instrumentality
22	or unit of state or local government.
23	(5) GOVERNMENT BUILDING. Any building owned or

operated by the state, including the legislative, executive,

and judicial branches of state government; any county, city,

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1	town, or village or any other political subdivision of the
2	state; any public authority, commission, agency, or public
3	benefit corporation; or any other separate corporate
4	instrumentality or unit of state or local government.
5	(6) PUBLIC CONVEYANCE. A bus, taxi, train, trolley,

boat, and any other means of public transit.

- (7) PUBLIC MEETING. Any meeting open to the public unless held in a private residence.
- (8) PUBLIC PLACE. Any enclosed area to which the public is permitted, including, but not limited to, auditoriums, elevators, hospitals, nursing homes, libraries, courtrooms, jury waiting rooms and deliberation rooms, theatres, museums, common areas of retirement homes, restaurants, laundromats, health facilities, educational facilities, shopping malls, government buildings, sports and recreational facilities, places of employment, airports, banks, retail stores, and service establishments. A private residence is not a "public place."
 - (9) SERVICE LINE. Any indoor line at which one or more persons are waiting for or receiving service of any kind, whether or not the service involves the exchange of money.
- (10) SMOKING. The burning of a lighted cigarette, cigar, pipe, or any other matter or substance that contains tobacco.

1	(11) SMOKING AREA. Any designated area meeting the
2	requirements of Section 7.
3	Section 4. (a) No person shall smoke in a public
4	place or at a public meeting except as otherwise provided in
5	this subsection and in Section 7. This prohibition does not
6	apply in any of the following places:
7	(1) Bars and lounges.
8	(2) Retail tobacco stores and tobacco businesses.
9	(3) Limousines used under private hire by an
10	individual or corporation.
11	(4) Hotel and motel rooms rented to guests, except
12	for those rooms designated by the hotels and motels as "no
13	smoking" rooms.
14	(b) Smoking by patients in a chemical dependency
15	treatment program or mental health program may be allowed in a
16	separated well-ventilated area pursuant to a policy
17	established by the administrator of the program that
18	identifies circumstances in which prohibiting smoking would
19	interfere with the treatment of persons recovering from
20	chemical dependency or mental illness.
21	Section 5. (a) By December 1, 2003, each employer
22	having an enclosed place of employment may adopt, implement,
23	make known, and maintain a written smoking policy which shall
24	contain at a minimum all of the following requirements:

1	(1) Any employee in a place of employment shall have
2	the right to designate his or her work area as a nonsmoking
3	area and to post the same with an appropriate sign or signs,
4	to be provided by the employer.
5	(2) Smoking shall be prohibited in all common work
6	areas in a place of employment, unless a majority of the
7	workers who work in that area agree that a smoking area will
8	be designated.
9	(b) The smoking policy shall be communicated to all
10	employees within three weeks of its adoption. All employers
11	shall supply a written copy of the smoking policy upon request
12	to any existing or prospective employee.
13	(c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this
14	section, every employer shall have the right to designate any
15	place of employment, or any portion thereof, as a nonsmoking
16	area.
17	Section 6. (a) Pursuant to this section, the person
18	in charge of a public place may designate an area for the use
19	of smokers. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a smoking area may
20	not be designated and no person may smoke in any of the
21	following unless the area is enclosed and well ventilated:
22	(1) Child care facilities.
23	(2) Hospitals, health care clinics, doctors'
24	offices, physical therapy facilities, and dentists' offices.

(3) Elevators.

1	(4) Buses, taxicabs, and other means of public
2	conveyance.
3	(5) Government buildings, except private offices.
4	(6) Restrooms.
5	(7) Service lines.
6	(8) Public areas of aquariums, galleries, libraries,
7	and museums.
8	(9) Lobbies, hallways, and other common areas in
9	apartment buildings, senior citizen residences, nursing homes,
10	and other multiple-unit residential facilities.
11	(10) Polling places.
12	(11) Schools or other school facilities or enclosed
13	school sponsored events for grades K-12.
14	(12) Retail establishments, excluding restaurants,
15	except areas in retail establishments not open to the public.
16	(13) Lobbies, hallways, and other common areas in
17	multiple-unit commercial facilities.
18	(b) If a smoking area is designated, existing
19	physical barriers and ventilation systems shall be used to
20	minimize the toxic effect of smoke, and no more than
21	one-fourth of the total square footage in any public place
22	within a single enclosed area shall be reserved and designated
23	for smokers unless clientele dictates otherwise. No area
24	designated as a smoking area shall contain common facilities
25	which are expected to be used by the public

1	(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to
2	prevent any owner, operator, manager, or other person who
3	controls any establishment or facility from declaring and
4	enforcing a nonsmoking policy in the entire establishment or
5	facility.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or this act, if any restaurant is deemed by its owner as being too small to have a designated smoking area, it shall be left up to the discretion of the owner if the facility will be a "smoking" or a "nonsmoking" facility.

Section 7. (a) A "No Smoking" sign or signs, or the international "No Smoking" symbol, which consists of a pictorial representation of a burning cigarette enclosed in a circle with a bar across, shall be prominently posted and properly maintained where smoking is prohibited by this act, by the owner, operator, manager, or other person in charge of the facility. "Smoking Area" signs shall also be posted as appropriate in public places.

(b) The person(s) in charge of a public place who observes a person in possession of a lighted tobacco product in apparent violation of this act shall inform that person that smoking is not permitted in that area by law.

Section 8. (1) The department, in cooperation with other agencies, shall enforce this act and to implement enforcement shall adopt, in consultation with the State Fire

Marshal, rules specifying procedures to be followed by enforcement personnel in investigating complaints and notifying alleged violators and rules specifying procedures by which appeals may be taken by aggrieved parties.

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(2) Public agencies responsible for the management and maintenance of government buildings shall report observed violations to the department. The State Fire Marshal shall report to the department observed violations of Section 5 or 6 found during its periodic inspections conducted pursuant to its regulatory authority. The department or division, upon notification of observed violations of Section 5 or 6; shall issue to the proprietor or other person in charge of the public place a notice to comply with Section 5 or 6, or both. If such person fails to comply within 30 days after receipt of such notice, the department or the division shall assess a civil penalty against him or her not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50) for the first violation, not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) for the second violation, and not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200) for each subsequent violation. The imposition of a civil penalty shall be in accordance with the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act. If a person refuses to comply with the provisions of this act, after having been assessed a penalty pursuant to this section, the department or the division may file a complaint in the circuit court of the

L	county in	which	such	public	place	is	located	to	require
2	compliance	÷.							

(3) All fine moneys collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the State General Fund.

Section 9. Any person who violates Section 4 of this act commits a violation, punishable by a fine of twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each violation. Jurisdiction shall be with the appropriate district or municipal court. A charge of a violation shall be treated in the same manner as a traffic citation. Any law enforcement officer may issue a citation pursuant to this section.

Section 10. The provisions of this act are declared to be severable, and if any provision, word, phrase, or clause of this act or the application thereof to any person shall be held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this act.

Section 11. Nothing herein shall be construed to restrict the power of any county, city, town, or village to adopt and enforce local laws, ordinances, or regulations that comply with at least the minimum applicable standards set forth in this act.

Section 12. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621 because the

1	bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an
2	existing crime.
3	Section 13. This act shall become effective on the
4	first day of the third month following its passage and
r	approval by the Covernor or its otherwise becoming law

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3	Jaxley Daxley
4	President and Presiding Officer of the Senate
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0	Speaker of the House of Representatives
7	SB126
8 9 10 11	Senate 11-MAR-03 I hereby certify that the within Act originated in and passed the Senate.
12 13	Senate 16-JUN-03 I hereby certify that the within Act originated in and passed
14 15	the Senate, as amended by Conference Committee Report.
16 17	McDowell Lee Secretary
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19	
20	
21 22	House of Representatives Passed: 17-APR-03, as amended
23 24	House of Representatives
25 26	Passed: 16-JUN-2003, as amended by Conference Committee Report.
27	
	APPROVED 6-19- 1903
28 29	By: Senator Figures TIME10:30 Av.
	Ababana Secretary Of State
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